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Patent
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Transmitted herewith is the U.S. Patent Application of
Inventor: Carmen Tawil and Saleem Tawil
For: Apparatus and Method for Transmitting Terrestrial Signals on a Common Frequency with
Satellite Transmissions

The following checked items are enclosed:

- Stamped, Self Addressed Postcard to be Returned
 Check for \$462.00 (\$422.00 filing fee & \$40.00 recordation fee)
 Declaration and Power of Attorney
19 Pages of Specification Including Abstract
23 Total Number of Claims
4 Independent Claims
2 Sheets of Drawings
 Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status
 Information Disclosure Statement Under 37 C.F.R. §1.97
 Assignment with Recordation Form Cover Sheet

If there is any additional fee due, please charge such additional fee to Deposit Account No. 19-1453 (Our File No. 107-945).

The filing fee was calculated as follows:

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Total No. of Claims in	
Excess of 20 at \$9.00 -----	\$ 27.00
Total No. of Independent Claims	
in Excess of 3 at \$40.00 -----	\$ 40.00
Assignment -----	\$ 40.00
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Respectfully submitted,

SHAFFER & CULBERTSON, L.L.P.

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Applicant or Patentee: Carmen Tawil, et al.

Serial or Patent No.: unknown

Filed or Issued: herewith

For: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
37 C.F.R. §1.9(f) and §1.27(c) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am

the owner of the small business concern identified below:

an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN Northpoint Technology, Ltd.
ADDRESS OF CONCERN 111 Congress Avenue, Suite 2530
Austin, TX 78701

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 C.F.R. §121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 C.F.R. §1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS by inventors Carmen Tawil and Saleem Tawil, described in

the specification filed herewith
 application serial no. _____, filed _____
 patent no. _____ issued _____

If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 C.F.R. §1.9(d) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 C.F.R. §1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 C.F.R. §1.9(e). *NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 C.F.R. §1.27)

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I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 C.F.R. §1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING:

Carmen Tawil

TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER:

Vice President of NPT, Inc., General Partner of Northpoint Technology, Ltd.

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING:

111 Congress Avenue, Suite 2530
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SIGNATURE



DATE 11-14-00

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DRAFT EDITION

**APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS
ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS**

INVENTORS:

CARMEN TAWIL AND SALEEM TAWIL

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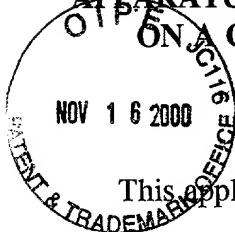
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Reg. No. 32,124, Russell D. Culbertson



1 APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS
2 ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS



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4 **CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

5
6 This application is a continuation of application serial number 08/991,265 filed

7 December 16, 1997 and currently pending which was a continuation of application serial
8 number 08/731,244, filed October 11, 1996, now U.S. Patent No. 5,761,605.

9
10 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

11 This invention relates to devices and methods for broadcasting and receiving data,
12 including digital television signals and voice signals. More particularly, this invention relates
13 to an apparatus and method for providing terrestrial transmissions simultaneously along with
14 direct broadcast satellite transmissions on a common frequency.

15 Currently, television signals may be received from a satellite in geosynchronous orbit
16 about the earth. The television signals are transmitted from a terrestrial transmitter to the
17 satellite and then retransmitted from the satellite so that the signals can be received by
18 terrestrial receivers within a certain geographic receiving area within a line of sight of the
19 satellite. In addition to television signals, other types of data may also be transmitted to
20 consumers through satellites in geosynchronous orbit.

21 Direct broadcast satellite service (DBS) refers to satellite transmission of television
22 signals directly for use by individual households or subscribers having the proper signal
23 receiving equipment. The U.S. Federal Communications Commission has dedicated the
24 electromagnetic spectrum from 12.2 gigahertz to 12.7 gigahertz for DBS broadcasting.

1 Numerous signal carriers are located within the DBS spectrum, each carrier carrying several
2 individual television channels. Depending upon the compression technology applied to these
3 signals, literally hundreds of separate channels may be available through DBS. A great benefit
4 of the DBS system as opposed to prior satellite systems is that only a small dish-type antenna is
5 required to receive the DBS signals and the alignment of the receiving dish is not critical.
6 Also, the DBS system will provide high quality reception at any point in the geographic
7 receiving area of a satellite without the expense of land transmission lines such as those
8 required for cable television.

9 Current regulations require that DBS satellites be separated from each other by at least
10 nine (9) degrees in a geosynchronous arc. The receiving antenna for DBS signals must,
11 therefore, be limited to receiving signals in a directional range measuring plus or minus nine
12 (9) degrees from a centerline of the antenna. Receiving signals in a range wider than the
13 satellite spacing would cause interference by signals transmitted by different satellites on the
14 same frequency.

15 U.S. Patent No. 5,483,663 is directed to a system having a receiver arrangement in
16 which DBS and terrestrial signals are received within similar frequency bands. The system
17 shown in the 5,483,663 Patent may be implemented with a multiple antenna arrangement, or
18 with a single, moveable antenna. In the multiple antenna arrangement, two separate antennas
19 direct the received signals to a common propagation path for processing as if they were
20 received by a single antenna and transmitted from a single location. In the single antenna
21 arrangement, the antenna is movable between a position to receive DBS signals and another
22 position to receive terrestrial signals.

1 The advantage of the system shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,483,663 is that local
2 originating signals, whether television signals or other data, may be received simultaneously
3 with DBS signals, and processed with the same equipment as that used to process the DBS
4 signals. The local originating signals may carry local programming which may be received
5 along with the national or regional DBS programming.

6 However, since the signals received in the system shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,483,663
7 are combined or received on the same antenna structure at different points in time, terrestrial
8 and DBS signals on a common frequency cannot be utilized simultaneously.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

16 It is an object of the invention to provide terrestrially transmitted signals simultaneously
17 with satellite transmitted signals at the same frequency. The invention includes an apparatus
18 and method for providing terrestrial signals simultaneously at a common frequency with
19 satellite signals.

20 The object of the invention is accomplished by utilizing receiving antennas with a
21 limited directional reception range and transmitting the terrestrial signals in a different range of
directions than those in which the satellite signals are transmitted. Two separate receiving
antennas feeding two sets of decoding and demodulating processing systems are required for
utilizing the received signals. Both receiving antennas are adapted to receive signals only
within a particular directional range. The range is measured from a centerline of the particular
antenna.

1 In order to ensure no interference between the satellite and terrestrially transmitted
2 signals, the terrestrial signals are transmitted directionally within a terrestrial azimuth range
3 which is outside the azimuth range in which the satellite signals are transmitted either by a
4 single satellite or multiple satellites. The terrestrial transmission azimuth range is chosen so
5 that it does not include any directions in which the satellite signal receiving antenna must be
6 directed to receive signals from any satellite. In order to cover a large area for local reception,
7 a plurality of terrestrial transmitters are spread out over an area with directional transmission
8 areas overlapping to ensure the terrestrial signals may be received clearly at each location
9 within the desired service area.

10 These and other objects, advantages, and features of the invention will be apparent
11 from the following description of the preferred embodiments, considered along with the
12 accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

13 FIGURE 1 is a schematic representation showing the positions of a plurality of
14 satellites in relation to a single terrestrial transmitter and a receiver or user location.

15 FIGURE 2 is a somewhat schematic representation of a receiving antenna structure for
16 receiving satellite and terrestrial transmitted signals at a common frequency.

17 FIGURE 3 is a schematic representation of the spacing for a number of terrestrial
18 transmitters required to allow reception over a large geographic area.

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2 **DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

3 The apparatus according to the invention for providing terrestrially transmitted signals
4 simultaneously on the same frequency as satellite signals is illustrated in FIGURES 1 and 2.

5 As shown in FIGURE 1, the system 10 may be utilized with one or more satellites in
6 geosynchronous orbit about the earth. FIGURE 1 shows four satellites 12a, 12b, 12c, and 12d
7 spaced apart at four separate directions from a user location 14. In geosynchronous orbit, each
8 satellite remains at a fixed location with respect to the earth's surface, and thus, with respect to
9 the user location 14. First and second antenna 16 and 18, respectively, which will be
10 discussed in detail with reference to FIGURE 2 are located at the user location 14.

11 Each of these satellites 12a-d is positioned in geosynchronous orbit about the center of
12 the earth, and is positioned at a certain longitude and latitude above the earth's surface. As is
13 known by those skilled in the art, a receiving antenna may be directed at a certain elevation
14 and direction or azimuth toward a desired satellite location for receiving signals from the
15 particular satellite.

16 Currently, all direct broadcast satellites within the line of sight of North America are
17 positioned at longitudes and latitudes requiring the receiving antenna to face in a southerly
18 direction from North America to receive signals. Although FIGURE 1 shows four satellites
19 12a-d for purposes of describing the invention herein, more or fewer satellites may be spaced
20 apart within a line of sight of a certain geographical area. Several satellites are currently
21 within a line of sight of North America. Table 1 sets out the longitudinal location of each
22 satellite and for purposes of example, the azimuth and elevation at which a receiving antenna

1 must be directed from a location at Austin, Texas for receiving signals from each satellite. All
2 azimuth directions and elevations are measured to a centerline of the antenna which will be
3 discussed below with respect to FIGURE 2. The term "azimuth" refers to the direction with
4 respect to a reference direction such as due north, commonly zero degrees. "Elevation" refers
5 to the angle of the antenna centerline above horizontal.

6 **TABLE I**

7	Satellite <u>Longitude</u>	8	<u>Azimuth</u>	9	<u>Elevation</u>
10	61.5		124.5		37.3
11	101		186.4		54.6
12	110		203.3		52.3
13	119		217.7		47.8
14	148		247.3		25.7
15	157		253.3		17.9
16	166		258.8		10.1
17	175		263.5		2.3

18 DBS satellites all transmit different signals in the same frequency band. The U.S.
19 Federal Communications Commission has set aside the electromagnetic spectrum from 12.2
20 gigahertz to 12.7 gigahertz for DBS broadcasting. In order to ensure no interference from
21 signals between two adjacent satellites, two conditions must be met. First, the receiving
22 antenna must be limited to receive signals only within a certain reception range about the
23 centerline of the antenna. Secondly, the satellites must be spaced apart about the

1 geosynchronous arc so that a receiving antenna may be positioned with only a single satellite
2 transmitting in the directional reception range of the antenna.

3 According to current regulations, individual DBS satellites must be separated at least
4 nine (9) degrees in the geosynchronous arc. Thus, each DBS receiving antenna must have a
5 directional reception range or aperture of plus or minus nine (9) degrees or less as measured
6 from a centerline of the antenna. Although current regulations require a spacing of no less
7 than nine (9) degrees separation, the invention is not limited to this degree of separation.
8 However, according to the invention, the effective reception range of each first antenna or
9 satellite reception antenna must be less than or equal to the minimum satellite separation angle.

10 FIGURE 1 also shows a terrestrial transmitter 20 capable of transmitting in one or
11 more frequencies identical to a frequency transmitted by one of the DBS satellites. The
12 terrestrial transmitter 20 transmits directionally within a certain transmission range T. The
13 transmission range T shown in FIGURE 1 is 180 degrees, although the range may be more or
14 less than this number.

15 The antenna structure 22 which may be used at user location 14 (FIGURE 1) to pick up
16 signals transmitted according to the invention is illustrated in FIGURE 2. The first antenna 16
17 is designed to receive direct broadcast satellite signals. The first antenna 16 includes a
18 collecting dish 24 and a feed-horn assembly 26 for receiving the signals reflected and
19 concentrated by the dish. Those skilled in the art will readily appreciate that the feed-horn
20 assembly 26 includes a probe, which is not shown in FIGURE 2, for picking up the signal
21 received by the antenna. The probe feeds the signal to signal processing equipment for
22 extracting information from the received signal. This signal processing equipment is well

1 known in the art and does not form a part of this invention. Also, those skilled in the art will
2 appreciate that numerous types of assemblies may be used alternatively to the feed-horn
3 assembly 26 for collecting signals reflected by the dish 24.

4 The first antenna 16 includes an antenna centerline 28. The total reception range for
5 antenna 16 shall be referred to in this disclosure and the accompanying claims as the "satellite"
6 or "first" directional reception range, and is equal to two times the reception range d_{max}
7 measured from the antenna centerline 28. Signals propagating in a direction outside of this
8 satellite directional reception range or aperture about the antenna centerline 28 from user
9 location 14 cannot be received by the first antenna 16.

10 Referring still to FIGURE 2, the antenna structure 22 at the user location 14 further
11 includes the separate second antenna 18 for receiving the terrestrially transmitted signals. The
12 second antenna 18 is shown as a feed-horn type antenna, however, those skilled in the art will
13 readily appreciate that the second antenna may include a circular wave guide antenna, flat plate
14 antenna, slot antenna, dipole antenna or multi-dipole antenna. Regardless of the antenna type,
15 the antenna will include a suitable signal pick-up assembly for picking up the signal received
16 by the antenna and feeding the signal to suitable signal processing equipment. This processing
17 equipment is separate from the processing equipment for processing the signals received by the
18 first antenna 16. Also, although the second antenna 18 is shown connected to the same
19 structure as the first antenna 16, the first and second antennas may be completely separate. In
20 any event, the second antenna 18 is preferably rotatable about a vertical axis as shown at B in
21 FIGURE 2 to direct the antenna for optimally receiving the terrestrial transmitted signals.

1 As with the first antenna 16, the second antenna 18 includes a centerline 30 and may
2 receive signals travelling only within a directional reception range r_{\max} about the antenna
3 centerline 30. The total reception range for second antenna 18 shall be referred to in this
4 disclosure and the accompanying claims as the "terrestrial" or "second" directional reception
5 range, and is equal to two times the reception range r_{\max} . Signals traveling to user location
6 14 along a route outside that terrestrial directional reception range cannot be received by the
7 second antenna 18.

8 Referring again to FIGURE 1, the first antenna 16 according to the invention, is
9 directed to receive signals from one of the satellites, satellite 12d for example. The azimuth
10 and elevation at which the first antenna 16 must be directed for optimally receiving signals
11 from satellite 12d may be 247.3 and 25.7 respectively, for example. The second antenna 18 is
12 directed with its centerline 30 pointing generally to the terrestrial transmitting location of the
13 terrestrial transmitter 20 and essentially horizontally. Ignoring the elevation difference
14 between the first and second antennas 16 and 18, respectively, the azimuth difference between
15 the centerlines 28 and 30 of the two antennas and this example is approximately 67.7 degrees.

16 In the orientation shown in FIGURE 1, the first antenna 16 cannot receive signals from
17 the terrestrial transmitter 20. The reason for this is that the directional signals transmitted
18 from the terrestrial transmitter 20 are all travelling in a direction or along a route outside of the
19 satellite directional reception range of the first antenna 16. Similarly, the direction in which
20 the satellite 12d transmits with respect to the user location 14 is outside of the terrestrial
21 directional reception range of the second antenna 18. Thus, the second antenna 18 cannot
22 receive signals transmitted by the satellite 12d. Furthermore, in this example, the second

1 antenna 18 cannot receive any signals transmitted by any of the satellites 12a-d. Thus, in the
2 orientation of the first and second antenna 16 and 18 as shown in FIGURE 1 and with the
3 position of the satellites 12a-d and terrestrial transmitter 20, the terrestrial transmitter may
4 transmit on a frequency identical to the frequency of signals transmitted by the satellites
5 without any interference in the signals received at the two antennas.

6 Those skilled in the art will readily appreciate that the elevation of the first antenna 16
7 may be high enough with respect to horizontal so that the second antenna 18 may be aligned
8 along the same azimuth as the first antenna without any interference between the signals
9 received by the two antennas on the identical frequency. However, where there are numerous
10 satellites at different azimuths and elevations with respect to the user location 14, the first and
11 second antennas 16 and 18 may have to be positioned at different azimuths as illustrated in
12 FIGURE 1 in order to prevent interference.

13 Referring to FIGURE 3, a plurality of terrestrial transmitters 32 are required to provide
14 a signal strong enough to be received over a large area. Each transmitter 32 in FIGURE 3
15 transmits directionally in an azimuth range A of approximately 180 degrees and out to an
16 effective reception range R. With this transmitter spacing and transmission range, the signals
17 from the terrestrial transmitters may be received from any location within the geographic area
18 G. Although the directional range of 180 degrees is shown for purposes of example, the
19 terrestrial transmissions may be in other ranges within the scope of this invention.

20 The method according to the invention is used in situations in which satellite signals are
21 being transmitted in a first frequency for reception with the first antenna 16. The first antenna
22 16 is adapted to receive signals only within the satellite directional reception range about the

1 antenna centerline 28. The method includes transmitting signals at the first frequency
2 directionally in a range outside of the satellite directional reception range of the first antenna
3 16. Signals transmitted by the terrestrial transmitter are received by the second antenna 18 at
4 the user location 14. The second antenna 18 is adapted to receive signals only within the
5 terrestrial directional reception range about the antenna centerline 30.

6 This directional terrestrial transmission according to the invention allows terrestrial
7 transmission at an identical frequency as that used by satellites, and particularly DBS without
8 interference between the two transmissions. This allows the DBS spectrum and perhaps other
9 satellite spectra to be reused for terrestrial transmissions. The terrestrial transmissions may be
10 for television signals or any other data, including internet communications, voice data, other
11 video, or any other type of data.
12

13 The above described preferred embodiments are intended to illustrate the principles of
14 the invention, but not to limit the scope of the invention. Various other embodiments and
15 modifications to these preferred embodiments may be made by those skilled in the art without
16 departing from the scope of the following claims.

1 **CLAIMS:**

2. The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein satellite signals are transmitted from a plurality of
3 satellites in geosynchronous orbit, each satellite separated from each other satellite in a
4 geosynchronous arc by an angle greater than one half of the satellite directional
5 reception range and the satellites together transmit satellite signals to the user location
6 only within a combined satellite signal transmission range about the user location, and
7 wherein:

- 1 3. The apparatus of Claim 2 further comprising:
- 2 (a) a plurality of terrestrial directional transmitters, each transmitting from a
- 3 different terrestrial transmission location and each transmitting directionally in a
- 4 limited azimuth range.
- 5
- 6 4. The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the first frequency is in a range of 12.2 gigahertz to
- 7 12.7 gigahertz.
- 8
- 9 5. The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the first frequency is above 12.2 gigahertz.
- 10
- 11 6. The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the satellite directional reception range is
- 12 approximately eighteen (18) degrees.
- 13
- 14 7. A method for simultaneously providing terrestrial signals on a common frequency with
- 15 satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, where the satellite is transmitting at a first
- 16 frequency along a satellite transmission axis extending from the satellite to a terrestrial
- 17 user location, the method comprising the steps of:
- 18 (a) transmitting terrestrial signals at the first frequency in a limited azimuth range
- 19 from a terrestrial transmitter, the terrestrial transmitter being located with
- 20 respect to the user location so as to transmit to the user location along a
- 21 transmission route which is outside of a satellite directional reception range
- 22 about the user location, wherein the satellite directional reception range

comprises a limited directional range substantially centered on the satellite transmission axis.

3

4 8. The method of Claim 7 further comprising the step of:

5 (a) transmitting terrestrial signals at the first frequency and within a limited
6 terrestrial azimuth range from a plurality of terrestrial transmitters at different
7 locations.

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10. The method of Claim 7 wherein the first frequency is above 12.2 gigahertz.

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4 11. The method of Claim 7 wherein the satellite directional reception range is
5 approximately eighteen (18) degrees.

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1 user location such that the terrestrial transmitter transmits to the user location
2 along a route which is outside of a satellite directional reception range about the
3 user location, wherein the satellite directional reception range comprises a
4 limited directional range substantially centered on the satellite transmission axis;
5 and

- 6 (b) a terrestrial receiving antenna at the user location for receiving signals at the
7 first frequency only within a terrestrial directional reception range about a
8 centerline of the terrestrial antenna, the terrestrial antenna being aligned to
9 receive signals transmitted at the first frequency from the terrestrial transmitter
10 location, and being aligned so that the satellite transmission axis is outside of the
11 terrestrial directional reception range.

12
13. The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein satellite signals are transmitted from a plurality of
14 satellites in geosynchronous orbit, each satellite separated from each other satellite in a
15 geosynchronous arc by an angle greater than an angle equal to one half of the satellite
16 directional reception range and the satellites together transmit satellite signals to the
17 user location only within a combined satellite signal transmission range about the user
18 location, and wherein:

- 19 (a) the terrestrial transmitter transmits only in directions which are outside of the
20 combined satellite signal transmission range and an angle equal to one half of
21 the satellite directional reception range outside of the boundaries of the
22 combined satellite signal transmission range.

- 1
- 2 14. The apparatus of Claim 13 further comprising:
- 3 (a) a plurality of terrestrial transmitters each transmitting from a different terrestrial
- 4 transmission location and each transmitting directionally in a limited azimuth
- 5 range.
- 6
- 7 15. The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the first frequency is in a range of 12.2 gigahertz to
- 8 12.7 gigahertz.
- 9
- 10 16. The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the first frequency is above 12.2 gigahertz.
- 11
- 12 17. The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the satellite directional reception range is
- 13 approximately eighteen (18) degrees.
- 14
- 15 18. An apparatus for simultaneously transmitting terrestrial signals on a common frequency
- 16 with satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, the satellite transmitting satellite
- 17 signals at a first frequency to a user location for reception only within a satellite
- 18 directional reception range about the user location, the apparatus comprising:
- 19 (a) a terrestrial transmitter for transmitting terrestrial signals at the first frequency
- 20 from a fixed terrestrial location which forms a fixed geometry with the user
- 21 location and the satellite, the terrestrial transmitter being located with respect to
- 22 the user location such that the terrestrial transmitter transmits to the user

1 location along a route which is outside of the satellite directional reception range
2 about the user location.

3

4 19. The apparatus of Claim 18 wherein satellite signals are transmitted from a plurality of
5 satellites in geosynchronous orbit, each satellite separated from each other satellite in a
6 geosynchronous arc by an angle greater than one half of the satellite directional
7 reception range and the satellites together transmit satellite signals to the user location
8 only within a combined satellite signal transmission range about the user location, and
9 wherein:

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(a) the terrestrial transmitter transmits only in directions which are outside of the
 combined satellite signal transmission range and an angle equal to one half of
 the satellite directional reception range outside of the boundaries of the
 combined satellite signal transmission range.

20 20. The apparatus of Claim 18 further comprising:

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(a) a plurality of terrestrial transmitters, each transmitting from a different fixed
 terrestrial transmission location which forms a fixed geometry with the satellite
 and the user location.

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1 22. The apparatus of Claim 18 wherein the first frequency is above 12.2 gigahertz.

2

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1 **APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS**
2 **ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS**

3
4 **ABSTRACT OF THE INVENTION**

5
6 A first antenna (16) at a user location (14) receives signals at a first frequency where the
7 signals are travelling only within a first directional reception range as measured from a centerline
8 (28) of the first antenna (16). The first antenna (16) has its centerline (28) aligned to receive direct
9 broadcast satellite signals transmitted from a satellite in geosynchronous orbit about the earth. A
10 second antenna (18) at the user location (14) receives signals at the first frequency where the
11 signals are travelling only within a second directional reception range as measured from a
12 centerline (30) of the second antenna (18). The second antenna (18) is aligned to receive signals
13 transmitted at the first frequency from a terrestrial transmitting location remote from the user
14 location. A terrestrial transmitter transmits signals at the first frequency and directionally within
15 a terrestrial azimuth range from the terrestrial transmitting location. The terrestrial transmitting
16 location is located with respect to the user location (14) such that the terrestrial transmitter (20)
17 transmits in directions only outside of the directional reception range of the first antenna (16). The
18 satellite (12) is positioned with respect to the user location (14) such that the satellite transmits
19 directional in directions outside of the directional reception range of the second antenna (18).

20
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22 I:\MJR\n-r\NPT\107\application.107.cont.wpd

Figure 1

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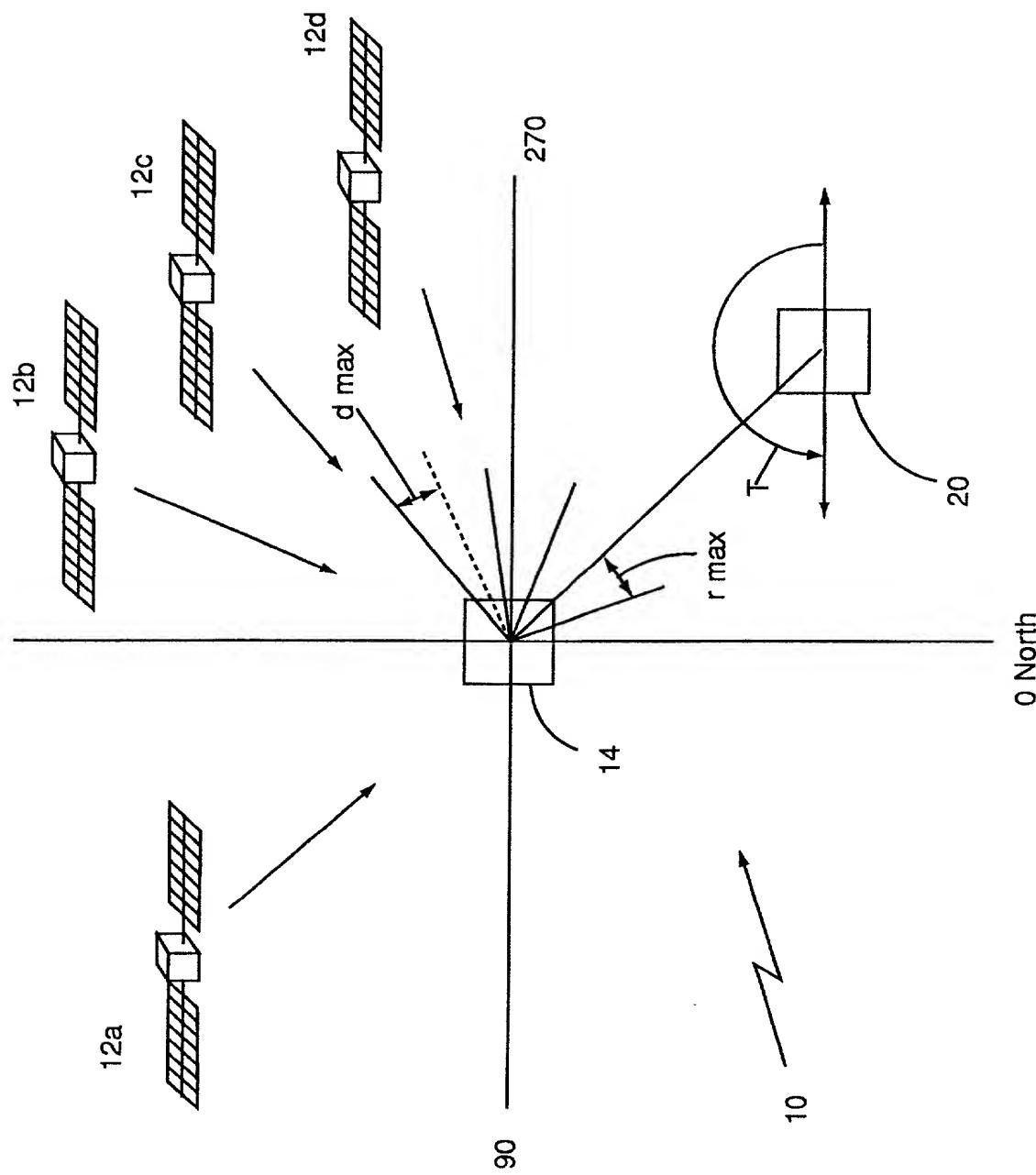


Figure 2

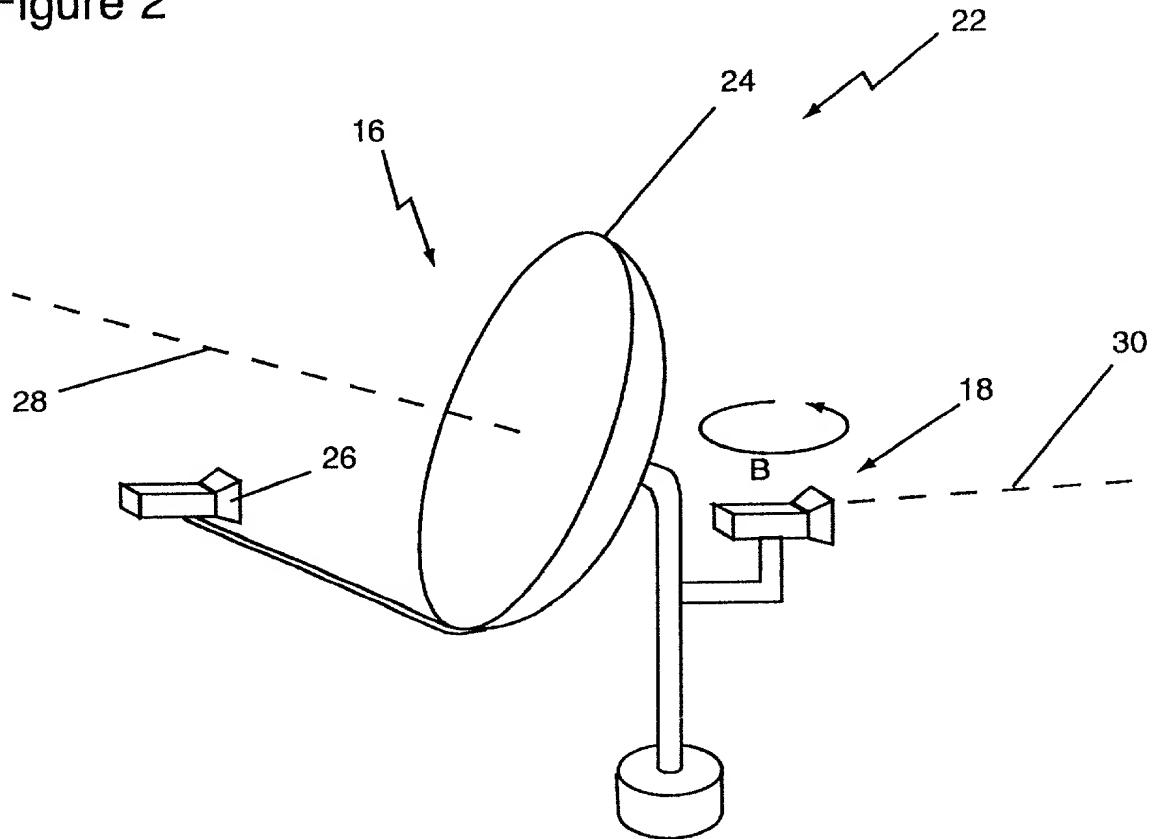
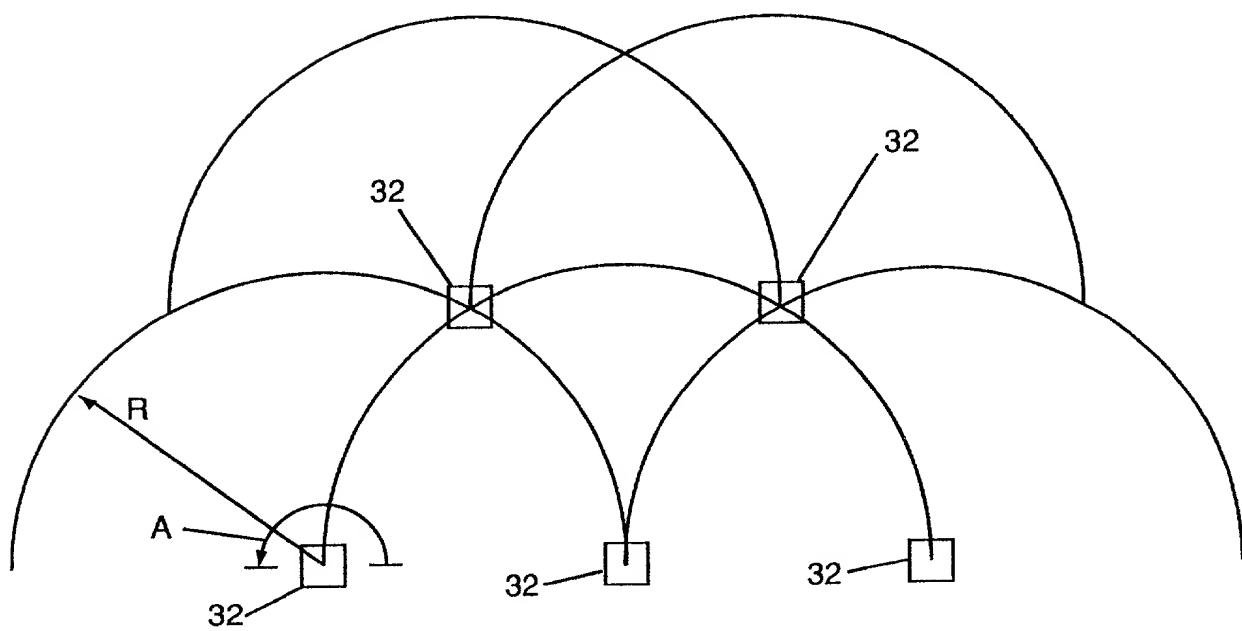


Figure 3



COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS described and claimed in the attached specification;

I have reviewed and understand the content of the attached specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, C.F.R. §1.56(a).

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35 United States Code, §120 of United States application, Apparatus and Method for Reusing Satellite Broadcast Spectrum for Terrestrially Broadcast Signals, Patent No. 5,761,605, issued June 2, 1998, and United States application entitled, Apparatus and Method for Transmitting Terrestrial Signals on a Common Frequency with Satellite Transmissions, Application Serial No. 08/991,265, filed December 16, 1997, currently pending.

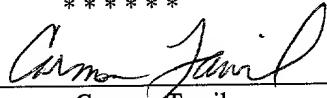
I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Russell D. Culbertson, Reg. No. 32,124
John Nevin Shaffer, Jr., Reg. No. 29,858
Rafael V. Baca, Reg. No. 44,016

Address telephone calls to Russell D. Culbertson at telephone number: 512/327-8932. Address correspondence to:
Russell D. Culbertson, 1250 Capital of Texas Highway, S., Building One, Suite 360, Austin, Texas 78746.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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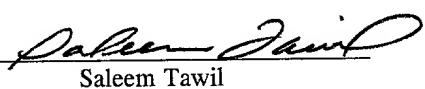

Carmen Tawil

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11-14-00

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